

5. ZDERZENIA - zasady zachowania energii i pędu

$$5.1. \frac{E_{kk}}{E_{k0}} = 2$$

$$5.2. u = \frac{3m+2M}{3m} \frac{v}{\cos\alpha}; \text{ gdy } m \ll M: \quad u = \frac{2M}{3m} \frac{v}{\cos\alpha}$$

$$5.3. v = \frac{M+m}{m} \sqrt{2gl(1-\cos\alpha)}$$

$$5.4. \text{ a. } u = \frac{m}{m+M} \sqrt{2gl}; \quad \text{ b. } h = l \left(\frac{m}{m+M} \right)^2$$

$$5.5. u = \frac{v_0}{4}; \quad \Delta E_k = \frac{3}{8} mv_0^2$$

$$5.6. F = nMSv^2$$

$$5.7. u_1 = \frac{v_0}{2}; \quad u_2 = \frac{v_0}{2} - \text{ zwroty prędkości są przeciwe}$$

$$5.8. u_1 = \frac{m_2-m_1}{m_1+m_2} v_1 + \frac{2m_2}{m_1+m_2} v_2; \quad u_2 = \frac{2m_1}{m_1+m_2} v_1 + \frac{m_1-m_2}{m_1+m_2} v_2.$$

$$5.9. v = \sqrt{2gl(1-\cos\alpha)}$$

$$5.10. u_1 = \frac{m_1-m_2}{m_2+m_1} v_1 + \frac{2m_2}{m_2+m_1} v_2; \quad u_2 = \frac{2m_1}{m_2+m_1} v_1 + \frac{m_2-m_1}{m_2+m_1} v_2$$

$$5.11. u_1 = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{4} v_1; \quad u_2 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} v_1; \quad \theta_1 = 71,56^\circ$$

5.12. wskazówka: należy skorzystać z twierdzenia kosinusów

$$5.13. H = \frac{(mv-M\sqrt{2gh})^2}{2m^2g}$$

$$5.14. h_2 = k^2 h_1$$

$$5.15. S_2 = S_1 \left(1 + \frac{2}{t} \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} \right)$$